Unit Review

- 27. List three types of radiation that are released as a result of radioactive decay.
- What are isotopes? 28.
- 29. Write the nuclear symbols that represent each of the following.
 - (a) proton (one symbol)
 - (b) neutron (one symbol)
 - (c) beta decay (two symbols)
 - (d) gamma decay (one symbol)
 - (e) alpha decay (two symbols)
- 30. (a) How are the atoms in oxygen-16 and oxygen-17 similar?
 - (b) How are they different?
- 31. How does the release of a beta particle from the nucleus of an atom turn the atom into a different element?
- 32. Draw a Bohr model showing the number of protons, neutrons, and the electron arrangement (including pairs and single electrons) for the following isotopes.
 - (a) silicon-28
 - (b) silicon-32
 - (c) beryllium-7
 - (d) beryllium-10
- 33. Copy and complete the following table in vour notebook.

Isotope	Mass Number	Atomic Number	Number of Neutrons
helium-3			
helium-4			
		7	7
		7	8
	18		10
	20		10

- 34. How does a fusion nuclear reaction differ from a fission nuclear reaction?
- What are the two main uses for fission nuclear 35. reactions?

Understanding Key Ideas

- 36. Use the following list of elements: helium. oxygen, nickel, tin, sodium, chlorine, nitrogen, krypton, and gold. Which of these element(s) could be described by the following descriptions
 - (a) most common ion charge is 2+
 - (b) forms a 3- ion
 - (c) unreactive
 - (d) non-metal
 - (e) metal
 - (f) alkali metal
- Write the skeleton equation for each reaction. and then balance.
 - (a) sodium + oxygen → sodium oxide
 - (b) magnesium + copper(II) chloride → copper + magnesium chloride
 - (c) calcium carbonate → calcium oxide + carbon dioxide
 - (d) chromium(III) chloride + potassium hydroxide → potassium chloride + chromium(III) hydroxide
 - (e) sodium acetate + manganese(II) nitrate + manganese(II) acetate + sodium nitrate
- Which of the following compounds are hydrocarbons? Explain how you know.
 - (a) C_4H_{10}
 - (b) C₃H₇OH
 - $(c) C_6 H_6$
 - (d) Ca(HCO₃)₂
 - (e) H₂O
- 39. Classify each chemical reaction, and then write a balanced formula equation for each.
 - (a) NaF →
 - (b) Li + N, \rightarrow
 - (c) $CH_4 + O_2 \rightarrow$
 - (d) $K_2CrO_4 + AgNO_3 \rightarrow$
 - (e) LiI + Br, →
 - (f) $Cd + I_2 \rightarrow$
 - $(g) C_3H_8 + O_7 \rightarrow$
 - (h) $MgSO_4 + In \rightarrow$
 - (i) $AlCl_3 + Ru(NO_3)_3 \rightarrow$
 - (j) $H_2CO_3 + Mg(OH)_2 \rightarrow$